Beyond Oil

Transforming Transportation: A National Demonstration Project

Breakout Session: A New Paradigm - Future of Transportation, Funding, and Climate Change

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Governor

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Washington State Department of Transportation Profile



WSDOT owns, manages and maintains:

- 20,000 state highway lane miles (carry 86 million vehicle miles/day)
- 3,400 state bridges
- 28 ferry vessels and 20 terminals (carry 24 million passengers/year)
- Partner in Amtrak Cascades state passenger rail (carries 420,000 passengers/year)
- 16 General aviation airports
- Grain Train (runs 89 grain cars)
- 1,432 miles of short line rail

Total 2007-09 Biennial Budget of \$5.9 billion (17% federal)

- \$4.56 billion (07-09) Capital Budget, over 1,000 active projects, currently delivering the largest infrastructure program in the state's history
- \$1.35 billion (07-09) Operating Budget





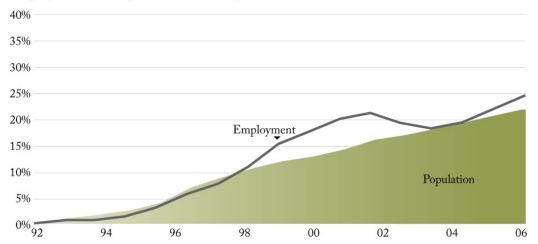




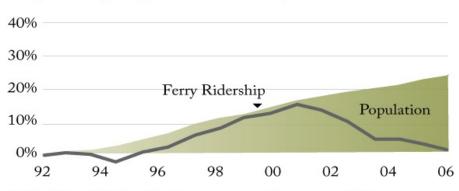


Continued Growth is Putting Additional Demand on the State's Transportation System

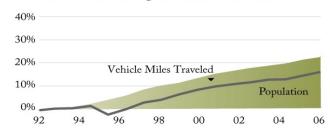
Employment and Population Growth by Year



Ferry Ridership has grown at a slower rate, 2%



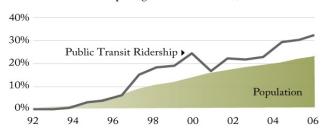
Vehicle Miles Traveled have grown at a slower rate, 16%



Vehicle Registrations have grown at a faster rate, 27%



Public Transit Ridership has grown at a faster rate, 32%



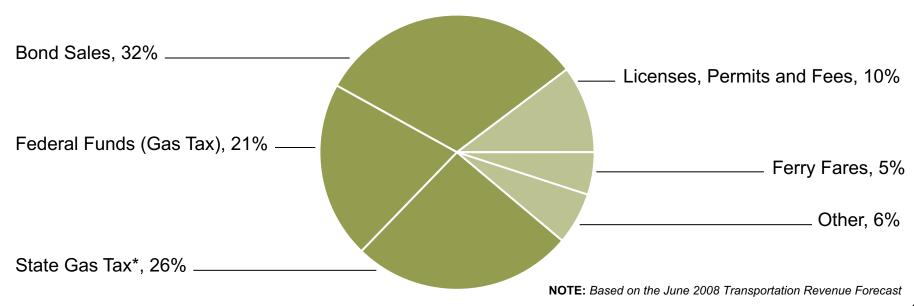
WSDOT's Dependency by Sources of Funds

(2007-09)

001	0 70
351	6%
295	5%
609	10%
1,856	32%
1,211	21%
\$1,527	26%
	1,211 1,856 609

79% of transportation funding is generated through gas tax

^{*} State Gas tax reflects the net amount after distributions to cities and counties, refunds, and debt service have been made.

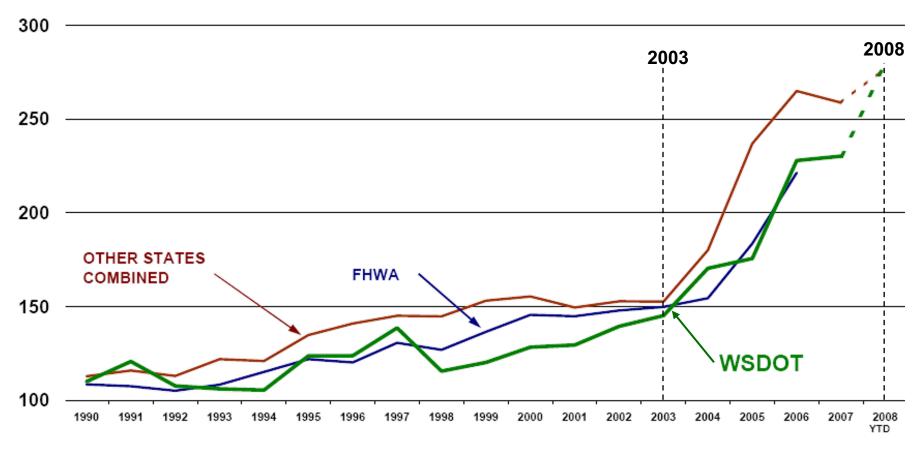


How Does Washington's Gas Tax Get Used? A fixed rate per gallon dependant on the sale of fuel.

Where does the gas tax go?

	37½¢	per gallon Washington State gas tax rate as of July 1, 2008
	- 9 ¹ / ₂ ¢	goes to 257 specific transportation projects statewide* (2005 Transportation Partnership Projects)
	28¢	
	- 5¢	goes to 130 specific transportation projects statewide
	23¢	(2003 Nickel Package projects)
	- 11¢ goes to cities and counties	goes to cities and counties for local roads
	12¢	
	- 4¢	goes to pay off bond debt that funded past highway and ferry projects
	8¢	is left for maintenance and operations as well as preservation, safety improvements, and congestion relief projects for state highways and ferries

Since 2003, the Rate of Inflation has Skyrocketed Beyond Economic Expectations



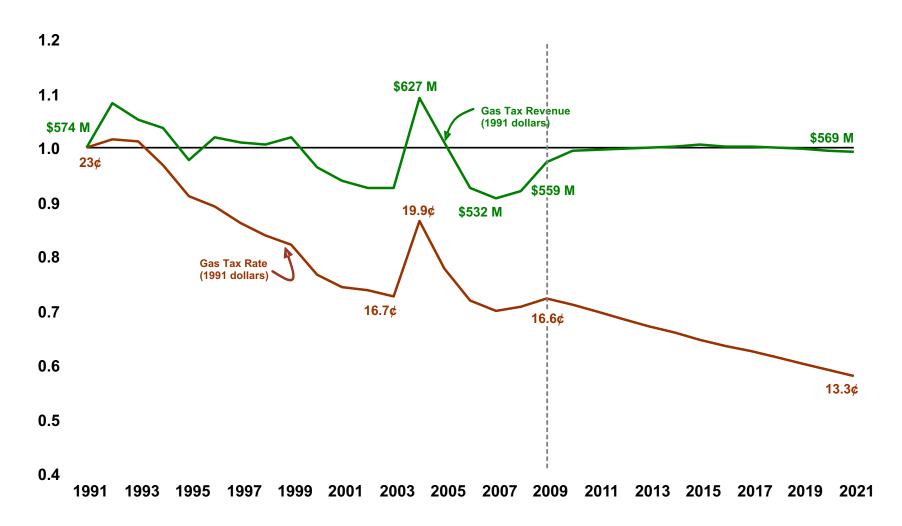
WSDOT BASE 1990 = 110
FHWA AND OTHER STATES BASE 1987 = 100
OTHER STATES: CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, OREGON, SOUTH DAKOTA & UTAH

WSDOT 2008 INDEX IS FOR QUARTER 1 & 2 FHWA INDEX DISCONTINUED IN 2007 OTHER STATES 2008 DATA IS THE AVERAGE OF CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, OREGON, AND UTAH FIRST QUARTER INDICES.

NOTE: 2003 and 2004 WSDOT CCI data points adjusted to correct for spiking bid prices on structural steel

Gas Tax Revenues are Losing Steam

Growth Rates Compared: Gas Tax Revenue, & Gas Tax Rate in 1991 dollars



How will We Meet the Challenges of:

- Keeping up with our preservation and maintenance needs.
- Expanding the system.
- Making it safe for travelers.
- Operating the system well.





Our Vision:

the Transportation System of the Future Must Be ...

Reliable

- Maintained and preserved at the optimal levels
- **☑** Safer roads and fewer crashes
- **☑** Better reliability and choices for commuters

Responsible

- ✓ Cleaner air and water
- More efficient freight movement across our state and in and out of our state's ports

Sustainable

☑ Predictable and affordable

Moving Washington



Moving Washington

Our three-part strategy to address congestion

Improving the Performance of Our State's <u>Transportation Corridors</u> by:





Adding new capacity to our currently over-stressed transportation system is a critical component of Moving Washington.



Operating Roadways Efficiently

Moving Washington improves the system's performance and generates revenue through variable pricing and other traffic management tools.



Managing Demand

Providing more travel choices and options for people and freight helps improve the efficiency and effectiveness of our transportation system.

It's Time to Change the Way We Fund Transportation

"User fees" will continue to be the focus

Gas Tax

We will likely begin to wean ourselves off of gas tax as our funding staple.

Regional partnerships between local and state agencies will be more heavily relied upon.

- Sound Transit
- Transportation Improvement Board
- Regional investment packages

Electronic Tolling. It has arrived in Washington:

- Tacoma Narrows Bridge
- SR 167 HOT Lanes
- SR 520 Corridor

Variable Pricing

- Generates revenue for transportation investments.
- Spreads transportation demand to off-peak periods when the system has more capacity.