### Regional PHEV Demonstration A Grid Perspective

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Jump Start To A Secure, Clean Energy Future Redmond, WA May 7<sup>th</sup>, 2007

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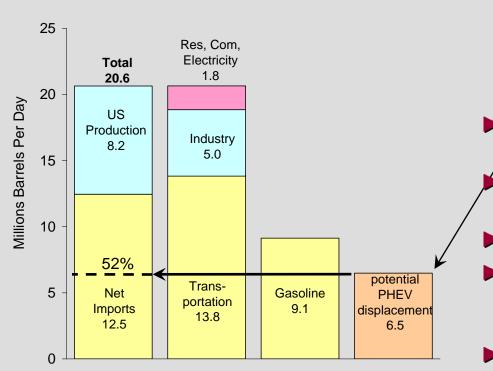


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### **U.S. Grid Capability**

The idle capacity of the U.S. grid could supply 73% of the energy needs of today's cars, SUVs, pickup trucks, and vans...

without adding generation or T&D capacity



Potential to displace 6.7 MMbpd (equiv. to 52% of net imports)

73% electric (158 mill. Vehicles

- More sales + same infrastructure = downward pressure on rates
- Reduces CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 27%
- Emissions move from tailpipes to smokestacks (and base load plants) ... cheaper to clean up
- Introduces vast electricity storage potential for the grid



## Smart Grid Can Deliver the Electricity for Millions of PHEVs

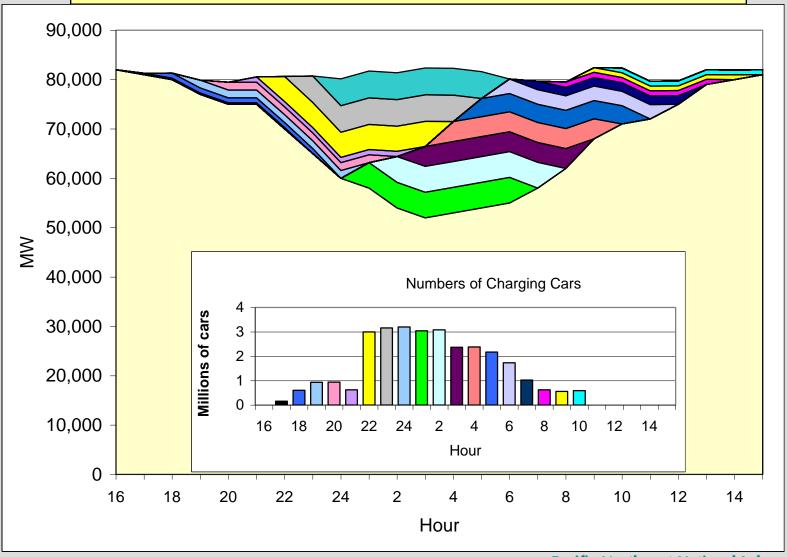
## ELECTRIFYING THE TRANSPORTATION SECTOR WITH Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles



"Unused off-peak U.S. grid capacity could supply 70% of the energy for today's light vehicles and reduce foreign oil imports by 50%, without adding generation or transmission." – Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
"Nationwide adoption of plug-in hybrids will increase the use of domestically produced electricity and can ultimately reduce greenhouse gas emissions by up to 800 million tons per year." – EPRI
"Rarely in history has an emerging technology offered such an attractive opportunity ... as both a new load and resource, to enhance overall performance of the electric power infrastructure." – National Renewable Energy Laboratory
"Working with automakers and local utilities, we need to understand how large numbers of PHEVs will be used, and their effect on the grid." – University of Michigan

#### **Perfect Valley Filling ECAR Summer Load Profile**

Charge each PHEV: 1.4 kW charge (120V, 12A) for 7 hours=10 kWh





#### Smart Grid as an Enabler to High PHEV Adoption

- ▶ Value proposition of PHEVs works only when off-peak power can be used
  - Customers:
    - Off-peak, retail: 7 ¢ /kWh electricity -> \$0.77/gal<sub>e</sub>
    - On-peak, retail: 33 ¢ /kWh electricity > \$3.63/gal<sub>e</sub> (sce TOU-EV1)
  - Utility:
    - PHEV attractive as valley filler to achieve higher asset utilization
    - Enormous generation and T&D investments if peak power is used
- "Smart" charger will become a necessity for
  - Load management
    - Price-based: critical peak/time-of-use pricing/real-time pricing
    - Direct load control
    - Autonomous control to reduce stress during emergency condition
  - V2Home
  - V2Grid

# Key Issues to Address in Regional PHEV Demonstration

- Analyze interactions with the grid
  - Validate charging profiles
    - Where, when, how much PHEVs are charged
    - T&D planner need to know PHEV load profiles to maintain reliability
    - Key outcome of DOE's Technical Review of PHEV Grid Impacts (May 14, 2007)
  - Fair and attractive rate design to incentivize load management
  - Technology demonstration for load management and V2Grid
- PHEV demonstration will reveal technical & organizational challenges
  - Who owns the "smart charging" space?
  - What are the infrastructure challenges w.r. to a moving load?
- Technology standards will provide certainties necessary for infrastructure investments
  - Remember the Infrastructure Standardization/Single Charger System for EVs (CARB, 2001)

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